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All Epiphyseal Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction Protocol

Revised 2023

Please refer to written prescription for any special instructions for each case*

The following protocol utilizes a blend of both criteria <u>and</u> timeframes as the determinants for advancement. It is recognized that many patients will feel pain free relatively early in their rehabilitation and want to advance to higher level activities as a result. In spite of rapid functional progress, it is important to respect the biological healing component of recovery and limit advancement if the timeframe for a given stage has not been completed. Overall, this protocol targets <u>gradual</u> return to full activity beginning <u>at 12 months</u> if all criteria are met.

If ACL reconstruction and meniscal repair, the following modifications are necessary:

- Knee PROM restricted 0°-90° for weeks 0 to 4
- No isolated hamstring strengthening until after week 6
- No squats below 60° until after week 6, no squats below 90° until after week 12

Weeks 0 to 4: (Initial PT evaluation to be scheduled within 2 weeks following surgery)

Goals:

- Weight-bearing: TTWB with crutches
- Brace use: locked in full extension (-10° on brace) at all times except for PROM exercises
 - Sleep with brace locked in full extension
- Minimize pain and effusion
- Achieve/maintain full knee extension ROM
- Increase knee flexion ROM
 - o 90° by end of week 2
 - o 120° by end of week 4
- Restore optimal patella mobility
- Restore quadriceps muscle activation
- Initiate and progress proximal strengthening

Interventions:

- Effusion management (elevation, cryotherapy, compression, ankle pumps)
- PROM/Flexibility:
 - CPM machine if provided (start at 0-30° and increase 10° daily, within ROM restrictions)
 - Prone hangs and/or Extension with heel prop
 - Wall slides and/or Heel slides
 - Seated active assisted knee flexion (meniscus repair: no active hamstring with knee flexion stretches)
 - Hamstring/Calf stretches (non-weight bearing)
- Patella mobilization (all directions as needed)
- Quadriceps setting
- NMES/FES to quadriceps
 - Suggested settings: 50 sec OFF, 10 sec ON, 2 sec RAMP, 10-15 mins total, 75 Hz pulse rate, 400 μsec pulse width, symmetrical waveform
 - Achieve an amplitude (in mA) for strong muscle contraction
- SLR's with brace locked in extension (flexion, abduction, adduction, extension)

- Daily home exercise program
 - Include home NMES device 2-3 times per day (until no quad lag present)

Weeks 4 to 16:

Goals:

- Normalize gait
- Weight-bearing/brace use:
 - o **At week 4:** TTWB→ WBAT (continue crutch/assistive device use as needed)
 - Brace on and locked in full extension during ambulation
 - o **At week 6:** Unlock post-op brace for ambulation (start with 30°, gradually increase) if able to perform SLR without quadriceps lag (10 repetitions)
 - Wean from and discontinue post-op brace if following criteria are met:
 - Knee flexion ROM ≥ 100°
 - Perform multiple single-leg squats to 30° on involved side with proper frontal plane control
- Minimize pain and effusion
- Regain full knee ROM
- Emphasize involved quadriceps strengthening
- Progress involved lower extremity/ proximal strength and core/trunk stabilization
- Improve neuromuscular control, proprioception/balance and muscular endurance exercises
- Improve cardiovascular conditioning
- May initiate and gradually increase open chain knee extension from 90-45° at week 8 and through full range at week 12

Interventions (in addition to those listed in previous weeks):

- Gait training (at week 4 during supervised physical therapy, may WBAT without brace)
- Functional Strengthening:
 - Bilateral → unilateral squats (to 90°) bridges, lunges (multi directional), lateral step-downs, step-ups, deadlifts, single-leg RDL
- Isolated strengthening/Weight machines:
 - Bilateral → unilateral leg press, wall sit, LAQs/knee extension machine (90-45° at week 8, full range at week 12), hamstring curls (week 6 if meniscus repair performed); side steps, retro treadmill pushes
- Balance/proprioception (progression of surfaces, distractions, and visual input)
- Core stabilization
- Cardiovascular endurance: Stationary bike, elliptical, Stairmaster, and fast paced walking

CRITERIA TO ADVANCE – 4-month assessment

- Surgeon clearance (assessment to be completed at CHOP sports PT location prior to surgeon office visit)
- At least 90% ROM compared to uninvolved side (at least 0° extension)
- Minimal effusion
- Isokinetic strength testing: Quadriceps and hamstring peak torque and total work $\leq 25\%$ deficit at $180^{\circ}/\text{sec}$
- Lateral step down test (Set step height to achieve $\sim 60^{\circ}$ knee flexion): ≤ 3 errors
- Y balance test (anterior reach only): ≤ 4 cm difference as compared to uninvolved limb

Months 4 to 6:

Goals:

- Initiate straight ahead running (if above criteria are met) begin with walk/jog progression
- Initiate double-leg jumping under the guidance of physical therapist

- Emphasize involved quadriceps strengthening
- Normalize hamstring to quadriceps ratio bilaterally (goal is > 60%)

Interventions (in addition to those listed in previous weeks):

- Progress mobility, strength, endurance, neuromuscular control and proprioception/balance as indicated
- Running progression
 - o Start with a level surface
 - o Focus on a pain free and symmetrical gait pattern
- Plyometric progression
 - o Begin with double-leg jumping, focusing on soft/symmetrical landings
 - Progress double-leg jumps (height/distance, multiple jumps in same direction, varying surfaces, jumping over/onto objects)
- Daily home exercise program

Months 6 to 7:

Goals:

- Gradual progression to lateral running/agility activities (pain free and appropriate quality of movement)
- Gradual plyometric progression from double-leg to single-leg jumping (pain free and appropriate quality of movement)
- Improve cardiovascular endurance to age and activity appropriate level

Interventions (in addition to those listed in previous weeks):

- Progress mobility, strength, endurance, neuromuscular control and proprioception/balance as indicated
- Progress to single-leg jumping once patient demonstrates normal and symmetrical neuromuscular control with all double-leg jumping and single leg squats (progress to multi directional when appropriate)
- High intensity aerobic/anaerobic training (progress resistance, speed, time)
- Daily home exercise program

CRITERIA TO ADVANCE – 7 month assessment

- Surgeon clearance (assessment to be completed at CHOP sports PT location prior to surgeon office visit)
- Full knee ROM
- No pain or swelling in the involved knee
- **Isokinetic strength testing:** Quadriceps and hamstring peak torque and total work ≤ 15% deficit at 180°/sec
- Lateral step-down test (Set step height to achieve $\sim 60^{\circ}$ knee flexion): $\leq 1/6$ errors
- Y balance test (all directions):
 - o Composite score $\geq 90\%$
 - o ≤ 4 cm difference for anterior reach, ≤ 6 cm difference for posteromedial and posterolateral reach as compared to uninvolved limb
- Functional hop testing battery: ≥ 85% limb symmetry, pain free and good neuromuscular control
 - o Single hop for distance
 - o Triple hop for distance
 - o Crossover triple hop for distance
 - o Timed 6 meter hop
 - o Unilateral vertical jump for height
- Drop vertical jump using Landing Error Scoring System (LESS): < 4 errors

Months 7 to 12:

Goals:

- Initiate sport specific agility/pivoting drills
- Promote sport specific fitness
- Improve neuromuscular control and dynamic stability

- Improve muscular strength, power and endurance
- Prepare athlete for return to sport progression

Interventions (in addition to those listed in previous weeks):

- Education on lower extremity injury prevention program
- Emphasize symmetrical movement patterns/weight acceptance, and good neuromuscular control during all exercises, including plyometric and agility training
- Controlled sport specific agility drills with sports equipment (progressing to different planes and changes in direction, non-contact activities)
- Focus on demonstrating good tolerance for individual non-contact sport specific activities without knee pain/effusion, perceived instability or asymmetrical movement patterns
- Issue CHOP Return to Sport Progression, injury prevention program/final home exercise program

CRITERIA TO ADVANCE - 12 month assessment/return to sport criteria

- Surgeon clearance (assessment to be completed at CHOP sports PT location prior to surgeon office visit)
- Full knee ROM
- No pain or swelling in the involved knee
- Isokinetic strength testing: Quadriceps and hamstring peak torque and total work $\leq 10\%$ deficit at 180° /sec
- Lateral step-down test (Set step height to achieve $\sim 60^{\circ}$ knee flexion): $\leq 1/6$ errors
- Y balance test (all directions):
 - o Composite score $\geq 90\%$
 - o ≤ 4 cm difference for anterior reach, ≤ 6 cm difference for posteromedial and posterolateral reach as compared to uninvolved limb
- Functional hop testing battery: ≥ 90% limb symmetry, pain free and good neuromuscular control
 - o Single hop for distance
 - o Triple hop for distance
 - o Crossover triple hop for distance
 - o Timed 6 meter hop
 - o Unilateral vertical jump for height
- Drop vertical jump using Landing Error Scoring System (LESS): < 2 errors
- Tuck jump: <6 errors (if patient age and skill level appropriate)

Once return to sport criteria are met, the patient will be advised to follow a specific and gradual return to sport progression program which will be provided by surgeon or physical therapist.

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This protocol is designed to be administered by a licensed physical therapist and/or certified athletic trainer. Please do not hesitate to contact our office should you have any questions concerning the rehabilitation process.